## 1 STATE OF OKLAHOMA 2 2nd Session of the 56th Legislature (2018) 3 SENATE BILL 1407 By: Scott 4 5 6 AS INTRODUCED 7 An Act relating to oil and gas; creating the Vertical Well Damage Act; stating purpose of act; defining terms; requiring certain report to be filed with 8 Corporation Commission in certain circumstances; 9 authorizing certain well operators to provide certain notification; authorizing vertical well operators to initiate litigation in certain circumstances; 10 establishing procedures for appraisal of certain 11 damages; requiring report to certain persons; establishing procedures for filing exception to 12 appraisal; authorizing certain persons to petition for trial; establishing certain trial procedures; specifying recoverable amount and interest rate on 13 certain judgment; specifying types of damage act applies to; prohibiting certain judgment from 14 precluding future judgments; establishing certain damage as evidence; establishing burden of proof in 15 court; authorizing certain persons to file appeal; establishing procedures for appeal; requiring certain 16 actions be brought in specific timeframe; construing clause; providing for noncodification; providing for 17 codification; and declaring an emergency. 18 19 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: 20 SECTION 1. A new section of law not to be 21 NEW LAW codified in the Oklahoma Statutes reads as follows: 22 23 The Oklahoma Legislature recognizes the role that vertical oil 24 and gas wells have played in the development of the State of

Oklahoma for over a century, and the role that they have played, and continue to play, in the economy of the state.

Further the Legislature recognizes conflicts and disputes have arisen as between vertical well operators and horizontal well operators and the potential damage caused to vertical wells by the drilling, completion, operation and maintenance of horizontal wells in areas already developed by vertical wells.

The Legislature also recognizes the economic disparities between owners and operators of vertical wells as compared to the owners and operators of horizontal wells.

Further the Legislature recognizes that existing vertical wells have proven production and reserves that are being damaged or taken by the drilling, completion, production or maintenance of adjacent horizontal wells.

It is the intent of the Legislature to provide a specific procedure for vertical wells operators to be compensated when their wells are damaged by the drilling, completion, operation and maintenance of horizontal wells.

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 88.1 of Title 52, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Vertical Well Damage Act".

SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 88.2 of Title 52, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

As used in the Vertical Well Damage Act:

- 1. "Area of impact or influence" means the area, both surface and subsurface, surrounding a horizontal well that will or may be impacted by the drilling, completion, operation and maintenance of such horizontal well;
- 2. "Area of impact or influence report" means a detailed written document prepared by an experienced qualified registered professional engineer based upon recognized industry formulas, standards and methodologies, identifying and setting forth in detail the area of impact of influence, including how the area of impact of influence was determined or calculated, and the formulas, standards, methodologies and data relied upon;
- 3. "Horizontal well" means an oil, gas or oil and gas well drilled, completed, or recompleted with one or more laterals which, for at least one lateral, the horizontal component of the completion interval exceeds the vertical component of the completion interval and the horizontal component extends a minimum of one hundred fifty (150) feet in the formation;
- 4. "Horizontal well operator" means any person or owner of the right to drill or operate an oil and gas well engaged in drilling, completion, operation or maintenance of a horizontal well;

5. "Vertical well" means any oil and gas well, including unplugged, disposal or injection wells, other than a horizontal well; and

- 6. "Vertical well operator" means any person or owner of the right to drill or operate an oil and gas well engaged in drilling, completion, operation or maintenance of a vertical well.
- SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 88.3 of Title 52, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Prior to the drilling of a horizontal well, each horizontal well shall prepare an area of impact or influence report which shall be filed with the Oklahoma Corporation Commission and sent to all operators of vertical wells within two (2) miles of the proposed location of the laterals for the horizontal well.

- SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 88.4 of Title 52, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. If a vertical well operator believes that damages, pursuant to Section 9 of this act, occurred to his or her vertical well, the vertical well operator may notify the horizontal well operator in writing, using a form provided by the Corporation Commission, of such alleged damage within ninety (90) days of discovering the alleged damage and shall indicate his or her desire to negotiate a settlement of the alleged damages.

1. Notice shall be by certified mail or personal delivery by a duly licensed process server.

- 2. Upon such notification the horizontal well operator shall have sixty (60) days to negotiate with the vertical well operator a settlement of the claim for damages.
- B. A vertical well operator shall not be required to avail himself or herself of this section prior to filing litigation pursuant to Section 6 of this act.
- SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 88.5 of Title 52, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. If negotiations fail to resolve the claims for damages to a vertical well by a horizontal well, the vertical well operator may file litigation in the form of special proceedings, as set forth in this section, in order to recover damages his or her vertical well incurred due to the drilling, completion, production or maintenance of a horizontal well.

As part of the special proceeding, the vertical well operator may petition the district court in the county in which the vertical well is located for appointment of appraisers to make recommendations to the parties and to the court concerning the amount of damages, if any. The pursuit of the appraisal process shall be at the sole discretion of the vertical well owner.

B. If the vertical well owner elects to pursue the appraisal process, ten (10) days' notice of the petition to appoint appraisers shall be given to the opposite party. The vertical well operator shall select one appraiser, the horizontal well operator shall select one appraiser, and the two selected appraisers shall select a third appraiser for appointment by the court. The appraisers shall be qualified professionals capable of determining the damages set forth in Section 9 of this act.

Unless for good cause shown, additional time is allowed by the district court, the three (3) appraisers shall be selected within twenty (20) days of service of the notice of the petition to appoint appraisers. If either of the parties fails to appoint an appraiser or if the two appraisers cannot agree on the selection of the third appraiser within the required time period, the remaining required appraisers shall be selected by the district court upon application of either party.

Before entering upon their duties, such appraisers shall take and subscribe an oath, before a notary public or some other person authorized to administer oaths, that they will perform their duties faithfully and impartially to the best of their ability.

C. Upon appointment, the appraisers shall inspect wells and consider the damages which the vertical well has sustained or will sustain by reason of drilling, completion, operation or maintenance of oil or gas production from the horizontal well. The appraisers

shall then file a written report within thirty (30) days of the date of their appointment with the clerk of the court. The report shall set forth the amount of damages done or to be done to the vertical well with specificity. The appraisers shall make a valuation and determine the amount of compensation to be paid by the operator of the horizontal well to the vertical well operator and the manner in which the amount shall be paid. The appraisers shall then make a report of their proceedings to the court. The compensation of the appraisers shall be fixed and determined by the court. The horizontal well operator shall pay the fees of the appraisers and court costs if the appraised amount is accepted by the parties and entered as a judgment. If the appraised amount is not accepted by the parties, each party will pay the fees of the appraiser they selected and split the cost of the appraiser's fees of the appraiser appointed by the court.

- D. Within ten (10) days after the report of the appraisers is filed, the clerk of the court shall forward to each attorney of record, each party, and interested party of record, a copy of the report of the appraisers and a notice stating the time limits for filing an exception or a demand for jury trial as provided for in this section.
- 1. This notice shall be on a form prepared by the
  Administrative Director of the Courts, approved by the Oklahoma
  Supreme Court, and supplied to all district court clerks.

2. After issuing the notice provided herein, the court clerk shall endorse on the notice form filed in the case the date that a copy of the report and the notice form was forwarded to each attorney of record, each party, and each interested party of record.

- E. The time for filing an exception to the report or a demand for jury trial shall be calculated as commencing from the date the report of the appraisers is filed with the court. Upon failure of the clerk to give notice within the time prescribed, the court, upon application by any party, may extend the time for filing an exception to the report or filing a demand for trial by jury for a reasonable period of time not less than twenty (20) days from the date the application is heard by the court. Appraisers' fees and court costs may be the subject of an exception, may be included in an action by the petitioner, and may be set and allowed by the court.
- F. The report of the appraisers may be reviewed by the court, upon written exceptions filed with the court by either party within thirty (30) days after the filing of the report. After the hearing the court shall enter the appropriate order either by confirmation, rejection, modification or order of a new appraisal for good cause shown.
- G. Either party may, within sixty (60) days after the filing of such report, file with the clerk a written demand for a trial by jury, in which case the amount of damages shall be assessed by a

- 1 | jury. The trial shall be conducted and judgment entered in the same
- 2 | manner as railroad condemnation actions tried in the court.
- 3 | Proceedings pursuant to this section shall be expedited by the
- 4 district court. A copy of the final judgment shall be forwarded to
- 5 | the county assessor in the county or counties in which the property
- 6 is located.
- 7 SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
- 8 | in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 88.6 of Title 52, unless there
- 9 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- 10 In the event the vertical well operator recovers damages
- 11 | pursuant to this act, the vertical well operator shall be entitled
- 12 to reasonable attorney's fees, court costs, litigation costs and
- 13 | interest, both prejudgment and postjudgement at the rate of 6
- 14 | percent (6%) annum from the date of first production from the
- 15 horizontal well.
- 16 | SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
- 17 | in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 88.7 of Title 52, unless there
- 18 | is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- 19 Elements of damage to be considered in negotiating a settlement
- 20 of damages pursuant to Section 5 of this act, appraising damages
- 21 pursuant to Section 6 of this act, or in determining and awarding
- 22 damages pursuant to Section 7 of this act shall include compensatory
- 23 damages comprised of direct, indirect and consequential damages,
- 24 | including, but not limited to, lost production, lost revenue, loss

or potential loss of leasehold, well values, behind the pipe

potential, repair of well costs, or restoration of production costs,

economies of scale losses, mental anguish, emotional distress and

punitive damages.

Damages collected pursuant to this act shall not preclude the vertical well owner from collecting any additional future damages caused by the horizontal well operator or other horizontal well operators at a subsequent date.

- SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 88.8 of Title 52, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. For the purposes of the Vertical Well Protection Act, evidence of water encroachment, changes in downhole formation pressures, changes in oil and gas production levels or damage to well equipment, within one and one half (1 ½) mile of the laterals of a horizontal well and within ninety (90) days after the conclusion of fracking activity shall be prima facie evidence that the subject horizontal well was the cause of the damage to the vertical well.
- B. Upon presentation of such evidence, the burden of proof shall be upon the horizontal well operator to affirmatively prove that it did not cause the damage to the vertical well.
- C. Such determination shall be made by the Judge prior to presentation of the case to the jury.

SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 88.9 of Title 52, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Any aggrieved party may appeal from the decision of the court on exceptions to the report of the appraisers or the verdict rendered upon jury trial. In the event of an appeal, the amount of the award of the appraisers or jury shall be deposited with the court clerk pending the outcome of the appeal. In case of review or appeal, a certified copy of the final order or judgment shall be transmitted by the court clerk to the appropriate county clerk to be filed and recorded. Appeals from a judgment entered pursuant to this act shall be expedited by the appellate courts.

SECTION 11. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 88.10 of Title 52, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Any action or proceeding commenced under this act shall be brought within three (3) years after the date of first production reported from the horizontal well to the Oklahoma Corporation Commission.

SECTION 12. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 88.11 of Title 52, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

The provisions of this act and the rights granted under this act are intended to be cumulative with all other rights a person may

otherwise have at law or in equity. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to impair existing rights. The invalidity of any section, subsection, paragraph, clause or sentence of this act shall not in any manner affect the validity of the remaining portion thereof. SECTION 13. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval. 56-2-3238 СВ 1/18/2018 4:08:26 PM 

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